

DEFINITIONS

Definitions:	
Non-essential Healthcare workers	any healthcare worker that is not required to meet the basic care needs of the resident
Essential Healthcare workers	Homemakers, facility workers, CNAs, Nursing staff, and management employed by or primary care givers to the resident population
Universal source control	All facility staff regardless of position should wear a cloth face covering or face mask while in the facility in common areas or in resident rooms. Various levels of eye protection required as outlined in the phases. All healthcare workers must wear appropriate PPE when interacting with residents who are suspected or confirmed to have an infectious disease such as COVID19. Proper selection and use of PPE is based on the pathogen, the nature of the patient interaction, and potential exposure to blood, body fluid and/or infectious material.
mask	disposable surgical mask or cloth face covering
communal dining	resident dining rooms or other areas where meal space is shared
screening, staff	Staff screening will occur before and after each shift and will include temperature and symptoms check
screening, resident	resident screening will occur twice per day and include temperature, pulse, respirations, oxygen saturation, cough, malaise, shortness of breath, and sore throat
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment, which includes: Face masks, face shields, Gloves, Isolation gowns
quarantine	Isolation in private room or shared room with similarly situated resident for 14 days. Use of transmission based precautions are in place including contact and droplet precautions
testing	Nasopharyngeal swab used to collect a sample for 2019 Corona virus, real-time polymerase chain reaction. This test is conducted at one of several labs at our disposal.
observation	monitoring of resident for symptoms at higher frequency
exposure	an exposed individual is anyone who has spent greater than 15 minutes within 6 feet of a positive individual without wearing a face mask
symptoms	cough, fever or chills, fatigue, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion, runny nose, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea
social distance	personal space of 6 feet maintained between two or more individuals
adequate PPE supply	14 days of supply under current operational needs
adequate hospital capacity	hospital able to accept referrals for residents requiring a higher level of care
transmission based precautions	Transmission-Based Precautions are the second tier of basic infection control and are to be used in addition to Standard Precautions for patients who may be infected or colonized with certain infectious agents for which additional precautions are needed to prevent infection transmission